



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Baldwin Phipps History: Acute onset neurological-like signs, lethargy, abdominal discomfort.

SPECIES Physical Examination: N/A.

Canine Urinalysis: N/A.

CBC: N/A.

BREED Serum Biochemistry: Mildly elevated ALP activity and creatinine.

Rottweiler Mix Radiographic Findings: Normal thorax, mid abdominal mass.

SEX

MN

AGE

11½ years

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN

Urinary System

Full urinary bladder with a normal thickness and appearance of the wall. Normal anechoic urine with no sediment or uroliths evident.

WEIGHT

96.5 #

Normal trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized.

INTERPRETED BY

Normal renal size (both 7.6 cm) with increased echogenic appearance, some loss of cortico-medullary differentiation, and normal pelvis, and capsule.

Reproductive System

Small hypoechogenic prostate.

Adrenal Glands

Normal shape, echogenic appearance, position, and size.

Spleen

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma, regular curvilinear capsule, and normal vasculature. Large mottled cavitary mass originating from the head of the spleen.

Liver

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and curvilinear capsule. No nodules or masses evident. Full gall bladder containing normal anechoic bile. Normal appearance and thickness of the gall bladder wall. Normal bile duct.

Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, normal wall thickness (small intestine 0.36 cm) and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.

INVOICE

303178

DATE

8/9/22

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr Cathleen Whitcraft

HOSPITAL NAME

Craig Road Animal Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr Cathleen Whitcraft

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl.
ECVIM



PATIENT *Pancreas*

Baldwin Phipps Normal size and echogenic appearance. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

SPECIES *Free Abdomen*

Canine No mesenteric lymphadenomegaly.

Small amount of acellular ascites cranial abdomen.

BREED Hyperechogenic appearance of the mesentery in the cranial abdomen.

Rottweiler Mix

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX Primary Findings:

- Splenic mass.
- Mesenteric inflammation.
- Ascites.

MN

AGE

11½ years

Secondary Findings:

- Age-related renal changes.

WEIGHT

96.5 #

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INTERPRETED BY

The most likely etiology for the mass would be neoplasia with hematoma and granuloma, less likely differential diagnosis.

The ascites and mesenteric inflammation can be ascribed to the mass.

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Further assessment would FNA cytology of the mass and laparotomy, the latter being both diagnostic and therapeutic.

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PATIENT IMAGES

Baldwin Phipps **Mass**

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Rottweiler Mix

SEX

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WEIGHT

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Mesentery



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Remo Lobetti, BVSc, MMedVet (Med), PhD, Dipl. ECVIM (Internal Medicine)
rlobetti@mweb.co.za